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Finnish Music Information Centre

18 170

Paola Livorsi

ascolta

per kantele

TEOSTO

SUOMALAISEN MUSIIKIN TIEDOTUSKESKUS
FINNISH MUSIC INFORMATION CENTRE

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FIMIC

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Accidentals follow conventional rules

Arpeggios are to play always upwards

—————→ slow, gradual change from a sound production to the following

près de la table near the soundboard

vers la table intermediate position between *table* and normal position

N normal position

l.v. let vibrate

 stop the resonance

sim. *simile*, the same as before



with nail

Scordatura

A, a, a', a'' and a''' 1/4 of tone lower

d' 1/4 of tone lower

G, g, g', g'' and g''' 1/4 of tone higher

 1/4 of tone lower

 3/4 of tone lower

 1/4 of tone higher

 3/4 of tone higher

a Elisa Kerola

ascolta



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Paola Livorsi

$\bullet = 60$

près de la table

l.v.

mf $\oplus$ $\oplus$ *p*

Bb Cb

près de la table

l.v.

mf $\oplus$ $\oplus$ *p*

N

The image shows a musical score for a piano piece titled 'ascolta' by Paola Livorsi. The score is written for two staves, Bb and Cb, in 6/4 time. The tempo is marked as 60 beats per minute. The score is divided into two systems. The first system starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp, while the second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The first system is marked with 'mf' and 'p' dynamics. The second system starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp, while the second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The second system is marked with 'mf' and 'p' dynamics. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

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7

5/4

perdendosi

mp

N

7

5/4

10

7/4

p

sim.

mf

poco

10

7/4

5/4

12

5/4

cresc.

mf

mf

12

5/4

6/4

6/4

5/4

5/4

N

The musical score for "table" by John Cage is presented in two systems. The first system shows measures 18 to 22. The piano part (treble and bass clef) features a complex rhythmic pattern with many beamed notes. The voice part (soprano clef) has a melodic line with a "table" annotation above it. The second system shows measures 23 to 26. The piano part continues with a similar rhythmic pattern. The voice part has a melodic line with a "perdendosi" annotation above it. The score is in 4/4 time and ends with a 5/4 time signature.

21

5/4

6/4

5/4

table

p

21

5/4

6/4

5/4

l.v.

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24

5

6/4

24

6/4

poco

cresc.

26

N

3

5/4

26

5/4

l.v.

vers la table

mp

sempre gliss.

N

vers la table

mf

3

3

3

3

3

N

3

3

perdendosi

29

5/4

6/4

5/4

p

vers la table

poco

a

poco

29

5/4

6/4

5/4

31 *crescendo* *f* *mp* *pp* *près de la table* *N*

34 *poco ritenuto* *a tempo* *f* *mp* *sempre gliss. (sim.)* *N*

36 *mf* *p* *l.v. A $\sharp$ G $\sharp$* *5*

The musical score is written for piano and bass. It consists of three systems of staves. The first system (measures 31-33) shows a piano part with a crescendo leading to a forte (f) dynamic, and a bass part with a mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic. The second system (measures 34-35) features a piano part with a poco ritenuto marking followed by a return to a tempo, and a bass part with a forte (f) dynamic and a mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic. The third system (measures 36-37) shows a piano part with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic and a bass part with a piano (p) dynamic. The score includes various musical notations such as treble and bass staves, notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A large diagonal watermark 'FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY' is visible on the left side.

39 *5* *5*

poco *crescendo* *mf*

42 *mp* *3*

p *sim.* *pp*

46 *with the thumb* *mp* *sim.* *sempre gliss.*

49 *mp* *f* 5 6 5 4

l.v. Bb C#

50 *p* *mp* *mf* 5

52 *p* *non cresc.* 5 4+3 4+3

54 *poco* *a*

mp *sempre*

55 *poco* *crescendo*

56 *f*

5

6

6

mp sempre

57

6

poco

58

6

a *poco*

59

6

crescendo

60 *p*

60 *mf*

61 *pp*

61 *f*

62 *mf*

62 *mp*

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FIMIC

64

mp

3

N

5

p

l.v.

C $\flat$ D $\sharp$

67

mf

non arp.

sim.

p

sim.

l.v.

sim.

71

pp

l.v.

D $\flat$

♩ = 66

N → près de la table

pp

74

Cb

74

pp

6 7 7 6 7 6 7 6

→ N (etc., change position *ad libitum*)

75

poco *a* *poco*

75

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

76

meno *rapido*

76

5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

♩ = 80

77

mp

78

poco *a* *poco*

79

crescendo → *N*

rubato

Measures 80-81. Treble and bass staves. Measure 80 features a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measure 81 features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. Fingerings 7, 5, and 6 are indicated. A slur is present over measure 81.

Measures 82-83. Treble and bass staves. Measure 82 features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. Measure 83 features a piano (*p*) dynamic. Chords C# and Bb Db F# G# are indicated. Fingerings 7 and 5 are shown. A slur is present over measure 83.

Measures 84-85. Treble and bass staves. Measure 84 features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. Measure 85 features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. Dynamics *poco* and *crescendo* are indicated. Fingerings 3 are shown. A slur is present over measure 85.

87 *sempre legato*

5

5

5

5

90

5

6

5

p *tr*

mf *poco*

5

93

a *poco*

diminuendo

5

5

3

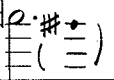
3

3

3

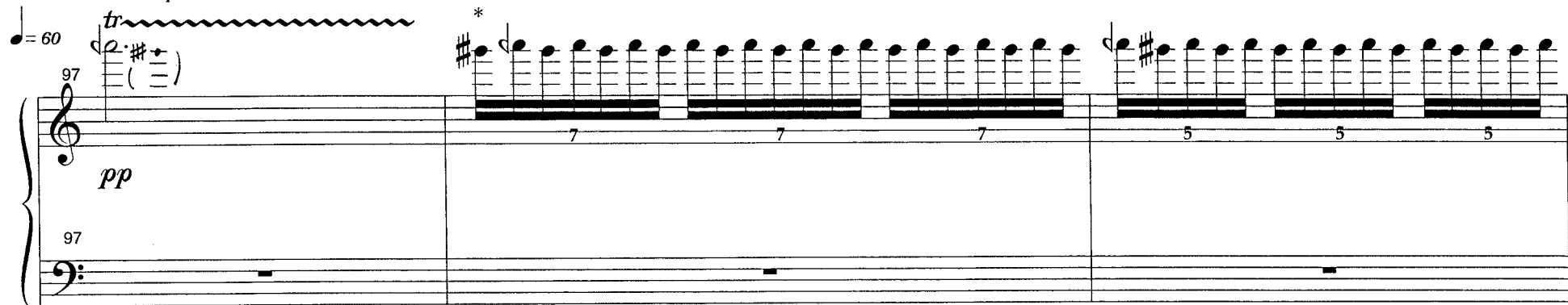
A d

a tempo bisb. près de la table

♩ = 60 *tr*  

97 *pp*

97



100 *p*

100



102 *non arp.*

102

N



* = *unisono*

104

mf

106

l.v.

f

l.v.

G#

Φ

109

senza rall.

p

l.v.

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